The Humble

### PETITION

OF THE

## PRETENDER,

To His HIGHNESS the

DUKE of Orleans, &c.

Price Four Pence.

1

\_

P

# PETITION

OF THE

### PRETENDER,

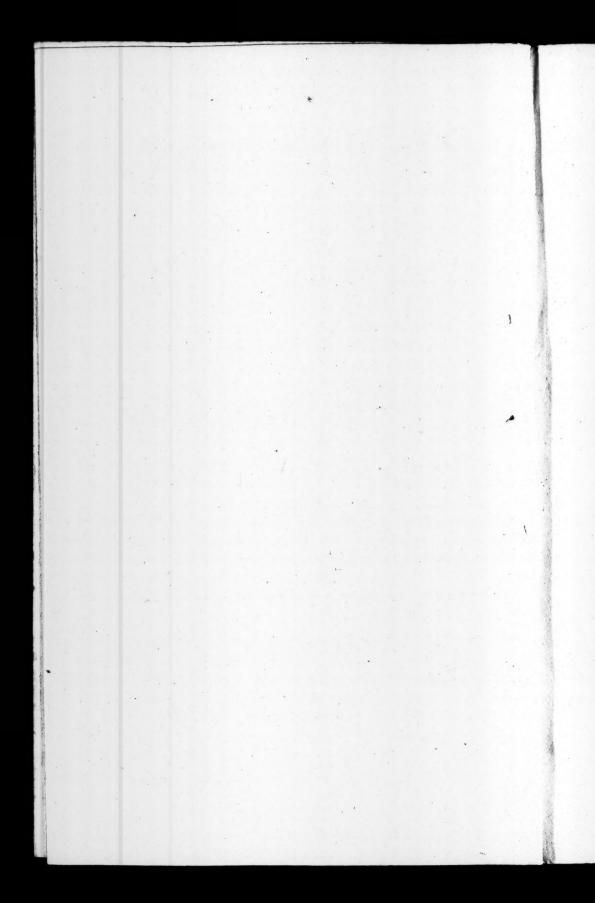
To His HIGHNESS the

### DUKE of Orleans,

To suffer him to put in Bail to his Arrest.

#### LONDON,

Printed: And Sold by J. Roberts in Warwick-Lane. 1715.



The Humble

### PETITION

OF THE

### PRETENDER,

To his HIGHNESS the

### DUKE of Orleans,

To Suffer him to put in Bail to his Arrest.

May it please your Royal Highness,

YOUR Petitioner James Stuart, commonly called the Pretender, alias Perkin, alias Chevalier de St. George, alias Impostor, by some, if not by all of which Names A 3 he

he presumes he may be known to your Royal Highness, most humbly

prayeth;

THAT in your great Clemency and princely Wisdom you will take his present Case into your most serious Consideration, and that the rather because he has good Reason to believe that hardly any one thinks seriously of your said Petitioner at present; He being so unhappy as to have fallen into the greatest Difgrace and utmost Contempt of all sober and sensible Persons, and in particular to lye under the Displeafure of your Royal Highness, for whom he has so deep a Respect, and whose Favour he the said Petitioner would purchase at any Rate, and run any Hazard, but that of his own Life, which he has a very tender regard for, to obtain.

May

May it therefore please your Royal Highness only to give him leave to state his Case before you, and humbly offer some Reasons which may move your Highness, to suffer him to put in Bail to the Arrest, under which you have at present laid your unhappy Petitioner. He does not presume that your Highness will take his own Word for his Appearance, he having so often promised that to his Friends in England, and never yet kept it, and now lying under an actual Obligation and Promise to his Friends in Scotland to do the same. In these unlucky Circumstances, your Petitioner is not so arrogant, he says, as to think your Highness will take his Word as a sufficient Security; neither will he offer his Honour as any greater Validity, that being, he Confesses, subject

ject to as many Doubts and Suspicions, if not more, than his verbal Promise, it being pawn'd and engag'd to several Persons, Men, Women, and Children, in the Kingdom of Great Britain, whom he has not the Honour to be known to, or once to have seen, but who have taken it as currently as a Bank Bill for ready Mony, for which he is oblig'd to them; but more particularly, he cannot offer his faid Honour to your Highness's Acceptance, because it is doubly Mortgag'd to the Duke of Lorrain, for Bed, and Board, Meat, Drink, Washing, and Lodging, which your Highness knows the said Duke has trusted him for, during a considerable space of Time, and for the Payment of which your Petitioner's Said Honour stands engag'd. He is almost asham'd to mention to your High-

Highness that the said Honour of his is also pawn'd to a great many Ladies, Maids of Honour, small Countesses, and Laundresses; all and several of which have accepted it instead of Louis d'Or's, Pieces of Eight, besides innumerable Promises of Preferments when it should be in his Power to

give it them.

h

is

ır

3-

For these Reasons it is, that I am justly sensible that neither my Word nor my Honour can be of any Consequence or Value with your Royal Highness, and therefore I now shall offer a far more unexceptionable Security. But first, I desire that your Highness would consider that I am now at a great distance from my Friends, and therefore cannot immediately have those Vouchers for me which are convenient and necessary. However, I shall with all Humility Subsubmit it to your princely Wisdom, whether you will please to accept of such Persons as I shall name in my Petition; and I do assure you that I shall mention none, but such whose Integrity and Sufficiency are known to the whose World, as well

as to your Petitioner.

I do then in the first place offer as Bail for my Appearance, R---t E--l of Ox--d, a Person of so unsported a Faith, and so sincere Hone-fly, and of so entire an Attachment to your Royal Uncle, that I can hardly make any Doubt with my self, but that your Highness will think I have chosen one of the most unexceptionable Persons in the whole World. His Character is so well known, that I need only say, that it is the same Person who is so much bless'd and applauded all over the Empire

f

Empire for preserving the Grand Alliance so inviolably, whose Health is drank all over the United Provinces for the steddy Adherence to the Barrier Treaty, and whom all the Portuguese Poets have celebrated in every Song that has been made fince the late Treaty of Peace. In his own Country his Credit has been fo very Great, that I have heard from substantial Witnesses that he has been bail'd by ten Attorneys in one Day for as many Actions, that he has had the Privilege of riding in his Coach unmolested, or sleeping quietly at Home, when he was as Insolvent as the most desperate Debtor in the Hotel de ....... I am not ignorant indeed, that the said Noble Perfon is at present in a sort of a Prison for some petty Trifles, and Advances towards my Interest in the Kingdom Linis

of Great Britain; yet I am positive that if your Highness would only be so good as to obtain his Enlargement from King GEORGE, he would repair hither immediately, and offer to be bound Body for Body, or in any other Engagement which you should think sit, to be responsible for

your Petitioner's Appearance.

But if your Highness should think that there are some Difficulties which cannot so easily be got over in respect of the Confinement of this very worthy Person; It is the humble Dessire of your Petitioner that you would be pleas'd to accept of One who does not lye under these Necessities; One, who, I may say, is entirely his own Master, and whose great Respect to your Petitioner will make him readily comply with any thing you, shall think sit to demand.

This

This Noble Person is the Earl of Marr, a Man very justly famous for the Tenderness of his Conscience in regard to Oaths and Promises, of which he has lately given the World the most convincing Demonstration. He is a Man of the nicest Honour, and tho' that alone were an Argument for your Highness's Acceptance, he shall engage several Thousands more in the same Obligation, who have been contented to go without Shirts and Shooes these three Months, out of Respect to the said Earl's Integrity. Tho' I cannot fay that he will come hither upon the Spot as your Petitioner's Bail, yet I know that if any Oath, conceiv'd in such folemn, strong, and obligatory Terms as would startle a Jesuit, were sent to him by a Courier, he would take it without Scruple; and stake his Life

Life and Soul for the Performance of it upon your Petitioner's Account. The only Objection that can be against the said Earl (for his Sincerity is unquestionable) is his Distance from your Highness's Dominions; which if you are pleas'd to insist upon, as a Difficulty of Consequence, I humbly wave him, and offer two others against whom that Objection cannot be made.

F

n

May it please your Highness therefore to accept of James Buttler, and Henry St. John, who are at this Time in your Highness's Territories, Persons of approved Merit, and the most severe Morality. These Gentlemen have been a long time the Favourites of France, and it may be said, without any Resection, that sew People have merited more than they from the Hands of this Kingdom; they serv'd

ferv'd it, tho' Strangers, with a Fidelity that might have become a Native, and indeed have by this time fo little Share in their own Country that they may justly be reckoned Frenchmen. These Gentlemen are not in the Circumstances of the Persons I before offer'd, they are ready, and at Hand, your Highness may command them at all Times, and there can be no Fear of their retreating to any other Quarter. Their distinguish'd good Qualities and great Talents have so much rais'd the Envy of all other Nations, that their Persons would be unsafe in any other Country; beside, that the Reputation of these two worthy Gentlemen has not fuffer'd from any private Immoralities of Domestick Life, or any Actions of publick Scandal; for after a strict Examination into their Conduct at Home,

de

ce

kı

an

yo

th

in

he

VE

th

*fe* 

de

ai

Home, it only appears that they had form'd a Design to serve your Petitioner in the Qualities both of Pimps and States-men.

Lastly; your said Petitioner farther offers in his Behalf some Matters relating to himself, by which it will appear how much he has been subfervient to the Measures of this Kingdom, and what grateful Returns he has made for the many Favours bestow'd upon him by your late Royal Uncle.

It is not unknown to your Highness that your Petitioner came into the
Dominions of France when he was
an Infant, without one Farthing of
Mony, and nothing but the Blessing
of the Pope to Support him; the poor
Relief of which being soon discover'd
by the Immortal King, he let him
eat of his Bread, and supplied the
defect

defect of Infallibility with a more certain Subsistance. It was not then known, as your Petitioner has heard, and it still continues a Secret, who your Petitioner was, who was his Father and Mother, and how he came into the World, but that he is in it, he is at present to his great Sorrow very sensible. That he was born in the City of London or Westminster seems very probable; but it is past doubt, wherever he was born, that he was brought to Bed at St. James's, and continu'd in England 'till he was brought a begging into the Kingdom of France. Now your Petitioner does protest from the bottom of his Soul that he had no manner of Design to be Born, that it was not in his Power to hinder it, and whether it was a King or a Bricklayer that was his Father, he could not help being the Son of some-body. That when he began to taste the Pleasure of Existence he took up a Resolution to be as merry as the best of them all, and that he was encourag'd thereto by some Persons not unknown to your Highness, but at the same time he was so very grateful to his great Benefactor as to let his Education be entirely conformable to the Rules he prescrib'd. And accordingly he soon conceiv'd a Mortal Antipathy and Hatred to all Protestants; that he thought of nothing but Fires, Racks, and Persecutions from his Childhood, and stood resolv'd, whenever it was in his Power, to extirpate all Mankind that would not pay an implicit Obedience to the See of Rome, and own both the Supremacy and Infallibility of the Pope. He confesses indeed, that for a few late Years he has found it very convenient for his Affairs to dissemble his Religion, and

to

tw

th

pe

th

it

ha

in

Y

H

1

fi

to profess a fort of Neutrality between Popery and Protestanism, and that he has obtain'd a private Difpensation from the Holy Father for this Practice. Without this Reserve it had been impossible for him to have made so considerable Advances in Great Britain, as he did for four Years together; and he owns to your Highness, that this was the Advice of his best Friends in that Kingdom (who really were of no Religion) to show an Indifference to Popery, which the easie Credulity of some People would foon construe into a Conversion, which he in his Heart utterly abhors. All this he did in due Obedience to the Politics of a certain Court, who had a plain Interest in the Management of your Petitioner; for, as to his own Part, he must confess that he never had any farther Views, than to do as he was taught, and he pre**fumes**  sumes to believe that your Highness your self does not take him for a

great Politician.

But farther; your Petitioner begs Leave to go a little backward in his Conduct, to set forth his entire Refignation to the Conduct of the former Ministers of France. After the decease of your Petitioner's suppos'd Father, he suffer'd himself to be proclaim'd King of England at Paris, and made use of that Title for many Years to promote the Interest of this Kingdom, and allowed some Irish Troops to be paid with French Mony in his Name; which he conceives is fomething Meritorious, and hopes it may abate a little of your Highness's Displeasure. Moreover, he speaks it not without Terrour of Heart, that during the late Wars, he was once prevail'd upon to take the Field, and faw with his own Eyes the French Army Army beaten by the Duke of Marl-borough; your Petitioner owns indeed that he was not (as he has been told since) in any Danger of losing his Life in the unfortunate Battel, but at that time he really thought that he was, and therefore hopes that your Highness will consider the Case as he did himself, and allow it as a Piece of Service to the late King, in hazarding his Life for his Cause.

Your Petitioner assures your Highness, that you need not fear any thing
from him; for that he has consulted
his own Heart with the greatest Impartiality, and tho' he finds a great
many bloody Purposes there, yet he
can safely say that he never dar'd to
execute any of them himself; and tho'
he has Massacred above half a Nation in his own Mind, yet he believes
that he should fall into Fits at the
sight of a Whig Lady's Bodkin. It is

true that he has read of a great deal of Blood-shed upon his Account, but he never had the Heart to see any of it spilt as yet; tho' he does not know how fast Courage might come upon him, if once he had Power enough in his Hands to exercise it without Fear of fuffering for it, as his supposed Father did before him. But your Highness well knows, that is no Circumstance of his present Condition, he being now both without Power, or Spirit to attempt any thing of that kind, and therefore you may let a Creature of his Tameness loose, without any Reflection upon your own Prudence, or any ill Consequences to your Highness's Friends.

Your Petitioner would not willingly detain your Highness too long; but he cannot forbear mentioning, before he concludes, that he has been so long a Dependant upon the Court of France, France, that he may be look'd upon as a fort of a Rent-Charge upon it, charged upon the said Court by the late King Lewis of most Christian Memory, and which he in all Humility hopes his Successors will still continue. And he cannot forbear thinking it would be a sort of Cruelty to turn him off in this Extremity; for Mr. Prior, the late Plenipotentiary, has taught him the following Maxim, which he thinks very applicable to his Case, and therefore begs Leave to quote the Authority of that consummate States-man.

No Family that takes a Whelp,
When first he laps, and scarce can yelp,
Neglects, or turns him out of Gate,
When he's grown up to Dog's Estate.
Nor Parish, if they once adopt
The spurious Bearns the Strolers dropt,
Leave'em when grown up lusty Fellows
To the wide World, that is, the Gallows.

There

There is something so shocking to the Constitution of your Petitioner in the last Similitude, that he is not able to proceed any farther—But he most humbly beseeches your Highness to take the Premises into your Consideration, and extend your Goodness so far as to accept of the Bail he offers, or to discharge him for the Reasons he has alledg'd in his Petition; and your Petitioner, and Mr. Lesley, and the Lord Mar, and several other Popish and Protestant, shall ever pray, &c.

### FINIS.